

Chapters 1, 2 Review

Location

Topography

Export

Climate

Culture

Nuclear family

Polytheism

Republic

Technology

Cold War

Industrial Revolution

Nationalism

Ethnocentrism

Imperialism

Cash Crop

Westernization

Middle East Review

1. Scriptures that tell the narrative of the life of Jesus are called:
 - a. Ten Commandments
 - b. The Torah
 - c. Gospels
 - d. New Testament

2. The Holy month during which Muslims fast during daylight hours is:
- a. Caliph
 - b. Hajj
 - c. Jihad
 - d. Ramadan

3. How does God communicate with humans?

4. How do humans communicate with God?

5. The 6th pillar of Islam that is not universally adopted is:
- a. Jihad
 - b. Hajj
 - c. Anti-Semitism
 - d. Shah
 - e. None of the above

6. Muslims pray facing

- a. East
- b. The sun
- c. Mecca
- d. Medina
- e. Jerusalem

7. Give the sacred texts that correspond with the following religions:

Judaism - _____

Christianity - _____

Islam - _____

- a. Moses
- b. Solomon
- c. Messiah
- d. Martyr
- e. Muhammed
- f. Shah
- g. Zionist
- h. Refugee
- i. Hajj
- j. Occupied Territory
- k. Israel
- l. Judaism
- m. Caliph

- 8. _____ Successor to the prophet.
- 9. _____ One anointed by God.
- 10. _____ Believed that the Jews would once again have their own land in Palestine
- 11. _____ Known for his wisdom.
- 12. _____ Flee their homeland to seek safety.
- 13. _____ Taken by Israel during the Six Day War.
- 14. _____ Pilgrimage to Mecca
- 15. _____ Led the Jews out of Egypt
- 16. _____ king
- 17. _____ Created after World War II partially in response to the Holocaust.
- 18. _____ First religion of the Abrahamic tradition.
- 19. _____ One killed or injured for a cause or belief.
- 20. _____ According to Muslims, the last and most important of the prophets.

21. What are the two different interpretations of the word “jihad”?

- a. _____

- b. _____

Africa Part I Review Questions

- 1. Name two rivers in Africa.:
- 2. What are the two main tributaries of the Nile?

3. What sea borders Africa on the North?
4. What country lies directly North of South Africa?
5. The two sources of the Nile river are The Ethiopian highlands and what body of water?
6. What is so interwoven into the everyday lives of Africans such that most languages do not even have a specific word for it?
7. What is a large town that has its own government called?
8. What are escarpments?
9. What are cataracts?
10. Who was the most powerful person in ancient Egyptian society?
11. What is the ancient Egyptian form of writing using pictures called?
12. What African country is only separated from Spain by a small strait.?
13. What is bride wealth?
14. 80% of Africa is of what climate zone?
15. What country were most of the hijackers of 9/11 from?
16. The mummification process began with the removal of the viscera, which is another word for what?
17. Name many similarities in death traditions between ancient Egyptians and current day United States:

18. T or F: bongo's and percussion are featured in African music.
19. T or F: the Sahara Desert is as wide as the continental United States.
20. Ancient Egyptians thought of the land being split up into two different types. What are they?
21. Describe each.

3. What country has the highest percentage of cases of HIV & AIDS?
4. What is direct rule?
5. What is indirect rule?
6. The largest percentage of African slaves were sold in what country?
7. What is a diaspora?
8. What was the only benefit of the African diaspora?
9. What African country was able to resist European imperialism by hiring Europeans to train and equip its military?
10. Dr. Livingstone was of what religion?
11. What were the Southern politicians in the United States threatening to do if the slaves from the Amistad were set free?
12. Once the leader of one small African clan, _____ rose to conquer a huge empire in Southern Africa.
13. Name two colonies set up for former slaves.
14. Where were the slaves that migrated to Liberia from?
15. By the late 1800's, Western Europe had industrialized. They came to Africa for _____ for their factories.
16. _____ or the loyalty to and identification with one's country, was sweeping through Europe in the late 1800's.
17. What happened in Germany in 1884?
18. Why was Ethiopia able to resist the Europeans?
19. Africans attacked neighboring tribes, kidnapped people, and traded them for _____, which led to further tensions.

20. _____ was the movement to end slavery.
21. _____ produced enough for their own needs with little or no surplus.
22. _____ is a common agreement.
23. Jomo Kenyatta was the first prime minister of what country?
24. What is Apartheid?
25. During what century did the slave trade end?
26. T or F: most of the destination of most of the slaves was British North America and the United States.
27. Why were most Africans unable to resist European imperialism?
28. T or F: the Zulu's fought against the British and the Boers.
29. Name an African nation present at the Berlin Conference.
30. Missionaries from what religion came to Africa to spread their beliefs and introduce Western values?
31. What two countries controlled most of Africa between 1880-1914?
32. What were the British looking for when they fought for control of South Africa?
33. On a separate **piece of paper**, please explain the following motives of the European imperial powers: 1. Economic 2. Political 3. Religious.

More Review Questions for Africa Pt. II

1. What was the major reason European powers could not hold onto their African colonies in the mid-1900's?
2. What is the approximate percentage of HIV/AIDS infected people in the US?

3. How many of the Top 10 HIV infected countries are African?
4. How long was Nelson Mandela imprisoned for his opposition to the South African government?
5. What is the term for rigid separation of races?
6. What happened at the Sharpeville Massacre?
7. What was the name of the last white leader of South Africa that officially put an end to Apartheid?
8. Swaziland has the highest percentage of HIV/AIDS cases. About what is the percentage?
9. What did many African slave traders receive from the Europeans in exchange for humans?
10. What day of the week is the Global Studies I Midterm?
11. How many planes were hijacked on 9/11/01?
12. About what percentage of the world's HIV/AIDS infected people live in sub-Saharan Africa?
13. What is the ANC?
14. What did countries around the world impose upon South Africa as a result of Apartheid?
15. Where did European leaders meet in 1884 to divide up Africa amongst themselves?
16. Who was South Africa's first black president?
17. What is the term for hit-and-run attacks by small bands of fighters?
18. What is the term for refusal to buy certain goods or services?

19. Control by one country of the political, economic, or cultural life of another country is called what?

20. What percentage of your final grade is the midterm worth?

* Study the map of the Middle East!

* Study the map of Africa!

* Be able to tell me advancements of

Ancient Egypt.

* Be able to list & describe the three major

European motivations for colonizing Africa.